### PART IV - REPRESENTATIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS

# SECTION K - REPRESENTATIONS, CERTIFICATIONS, AND OTHER STATEMENTS OF OFFERORS

# K.1 52.204-3 TAXPAYER IDENTIFICATION (OCT 1998)

(a) <u>Definitions</u>.

"Common parent," as used in this provision, means that corporate entity that owns or controls an affiliated group of corporations that files its Federal income tax returns on a consolidated basis, and of which the offeror is a member.

"Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)," as used in this provision, means the number required by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) to be used by the offeror in reporting income tax and other returns. The TIN may be either a Social Security Number or an Employer Identification Number.

- (b) All offerors must submit the information required in paragraphs (d) through (f) of this provision to comply with debt collection requirements of 31 U.S.C. 7701(c) and 3325(d), reporting requirements of 26 U.S.C. 6041, 6041A, and 6050M, and implementing regulations issued by the IRS. If the resulting contract is subject to the payment reporting requirements described in Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 4.904, the failure or refusal by the offeror to furnish the information may result in a 31 percent reduction of payments otherwise due under the contract.
- (c) The TIN may be used by the Government to collect and report on any delinquent amounts arising out of the offeror's relationship with the Government (31 U.S.C. 7701(c)(3)). If the resulting contract is subject to the payment reporting requirements described in FAR 4.904, the TIN provided hereunder may be matched with IRS records to verify the accuracy of the offeror's TIN.

(d)	Taxpayer	Identification	Number	<u>(TIN)</u> .
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[	]	TIN:
[	]	TIN has been applied for.
[	]	TIN is not required because:

[ ] Offeror is a nonresident alien, foreign corporation, or foreign partnership that does not have income effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States and does not have an office or place of business or a fiscal paying agent in the United States;

# K.1 (Continued)

		<ul><li>[ ] Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of a foreign government;</li></ul>			
		[ ] Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of the Federal Government.			
(e)	Type	of organization.			
	[ ]	Sole proprietorship;			
	[]	Partnership;			
	[ ]	Corporate entity (not tax-exempt);			
	[ ]	Corporate entity (tax-exempt);			
	[ ]	Government entity (Federal, State, or local);			
	[ ]	Foreign government;			
[ ] International organization per 26 CFR 1.6049-4;					
	[ ]	Other			
(f)	Common parent.				
	[ ]	Offeror is not owned or controlled by a common parent as defined in paragraph (a) of this provision.			
	[ ]	Name and TIN of common parent:			
		Name			
		TIN			

# K.2 52.219-1 SMALL BUSINESS PROGRAM REPRESENTATIONS (APR 2002)

- (a) (1) The North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code for this acquisition is 115310.
  - (2) The small business size standard is no more than \$06.0 MILLION average annual receipts for an offeror's preceeding 3 FYs.
  - (3) The small business size standard for a concern which submits an offer in its own name, other than on a construction or service contract, but which proposes to furnish a product which it did not itself manufacture, is 500 employees.
- (b) Representations.
  - (1) The offeror represents as part of its offer that it [\_] is,
     [ ] is not a small business concern.

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### K.2 (Continued)

(2) [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents, for general statistical purposes, that it [\_] is, [\_] is not, a small disadvantaged business concern as defined in 13 CFR 124.1002.

- (3) [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents as part of its offer that it [\_] is, [\_] is not a women-owned small business concern.
- (4) [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents as part of its offer that it [\_] is, [\_] is not a veteran-owned small business concern.
- (5) [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a veteran-owned small business concern in paragraph (b)(4) of this provision.] The offeror represents as part of its offer that it [] is, [] is not a service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern.
- (6) [Complete only if offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents, as part of its offer, that--
  - (i) It [\_] is, [\_] is not a HUBZone small business concern listed, on the date of this representation, on the List of Qualified HUBZone Small Business Concerns maintained by the Small Business Administration, and no material change in ownership and control, principal office of ownership, or HUBZone employee percentage has occurred since it was certified by the Small Business Administration in accordance with 13 CFR Part 126; and
  - (ii) It [\_] is, [\_] is not a joint venture that complies with the requirements of 13 CFR Part 126, and the representation in paragraph (b)(6)(i) of this provision is accurate for the HUBZone small business concern or concerns that are participating in the joint venture. [The offeror shall enter the name or names of the HUBZone small business concern or concerns that are participating in the joint venture:

	1
	• ]

Each HUBZone small business concern participating in the joint venture shall submit a separate signed copy of the HUBZone representation.

(c) <u>Definitions</u>. As used in this provision--

# K.2 (Continued)

"Service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern"--

- (1) Means a small business concern--
  - (i) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans; and
  - (ii) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of a veteran with permanent and severe disability, the spouse or permanent caregiver of such veteran.
- (2) "Service-disabled veteran" means a veteran, as defined in 38 U.S.C. 101(2), with a disability that is service-connected, as defined in 38 U.S.C. 101(16).

"Small business concern" means a concern, including its affiliates, that is independently owned and operated, not dominant in the field of operation in which it is bidding on Government contracts, and qualified as a small business under the criteria in 13 CFR part 121 and the size standard in paragraph (a) of this provision.

"Veteran-owned small business concern" means a small business concern--

- (1) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more veterans (as defined at 38 U.S.C. 101(2)) or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more veterans; and
- (2) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more veterans.

"Women-owned small business concern," means a small business concern--

- (1) That is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women; or, in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more women; and
- (2) Whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women.

### (d) Notice.

(1) If this solicitation is for supplies and has been set aside, in whole or in part, for small business concerns, then the clause in this solicitation providing notice of the set-aside contains restrictions on the source of the end items to be

### K.2 (Continued)

furnished.

- (2) Under 15 U.S.C. 645(d), any person who misrepresents a firm's status as a small, HUBZone small, small disadvantaged, or women-owned small business concern in order to obtain a contract to be awarded under the preference programs established pursuant to section 8(a), 8(d), 9, or 15 of the Small Business Act or any other provision of Federal law that specifically references section 8(d) for a definition of program eligibility, shall--
  - (i) Be punished by imposition of fine, imprisonment, or both;
  - (ii) Be subject to administrative remedies, including suspension and debarment; and
  - (iii) Be ineligible for participation in programs conducted under the authority of the Act.

# K.3 52.222-22 PREVIOUS CONTRACTS AND COMPLIANCE REPORTS (FEB 1999)

The offeror represents that --

- (a) It [] has, [] has not participated in a previous contract or subcontract subject to the Equal Opportunity clause of this solicitation;
- (b) It [] has, [] has not filed all required compliance reports; and
- (c) Representations indicating submission of required compliance reports, signed by proposed subcontractors, will be obtained before subcontract awards.

#### K.4 52.222-25 AFFIRMATIVE ACTION COMPLIANCE (APR 1984)

The offeror represents that

- (a) It [] has developed and has on file, [] has not developed and does not have on file, at each establishment, affirmative action programs required by the rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor (41 CFR 60-1 and 60-2); or
- (b) It [] has not previously had contracts subject to the written affirmative action programs requirement of the rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor.

# K.5 AGAR 452.222-70 COMPLIANCE WITH VETERANS EMPLOYMENT REPORTING REQUIREMENTS (JAN 1999) (DEVIATION) (USDA)

(a) The Offeror represents that, if it is subject to the reporting requirements of 38 U.S.C. 4212 (d) (i.e., the VETS-100 report

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# K.5 (Continued)

required by FAR clause 52.222-37, Employment Reports on Disabled Veterans and Veterans of the Vietnam Era), it has [], has not[], submitted the most recent report required by 38 U.S.C. 4212(d).

(b) An offeror who checks "has not" may not be awarded a contract until the required report is filed.

Section L 024-M-APHIS-03

### SECTION L - INSTRUCTIONS, CONDITIONS, AND NOTICES TO OFFERORS

#### 52.204-6 DUNS UNIVERSAL NUMBERING SYSTEM L.1 (DUNS) NUMBER (JUNE 1999)

- (a) The offeror shall enter, in the block with its name and address on the cover page of its offer, the annotation "DUNS" followed by the DUNS number that identifies the offeror's name and address exactly as stated in the offer. The DUNS number is a nine-digit number assigned by Dun and Bradstreet Information Services.
- (b) If the offeror does not have a DUNS number, it should contact Dun and Bradstreet directly to obtain one. A DUNS number will be provided immediately by telephone at no charge to the offeror. For information on obtaining a DUNS number, the offeror, if located within the United States, should call Dun and Bradstreet at 1-800-333-0505. The offeror should be prepared to provide the following information:
  - (1) Company name.
  - (2) Company address.
  - (3) Company telephone number.(4) Line of business.

  - (5) Chief executive officer/key manager.

  - (6) Date the company was started.(7) Number of people employed by the company.
  - (8) Company affiliation.
- (c) Offerors located outside the United States may obtain the location and phone number of the local Dun and Bradstreet Information Services office from the Internet Home Page at http://www.customerservice@dnb.com. If an offeror is unable to locate a local service center, it may send an e-mail to Dun and Bradstreet at globalinfo@mail.dnb.com.

#### 52.215-1 INSTRUCTIONS TO OFFERORS--COMPETITIVE L.2 ACQUISITION (MAY 2001) Alternate I (OCT 1997)

(a) Definitions. As used in this provision--

"Discussions" are negotiations that occur after establishment of the competitive range that may, at the Contracting Officer's discretion, result in the offeror being allowed to revise its proposal.

"In writing," "writing," or "written" means any worded or numbered expression that can be read, reproduced, and later communicated, and includes electronically transmitted and stored information.

"Proposal modification" is a change made to a proposal before

# L.2 (Continued)

the solicitation's closing date and time, or made in response to an amendment, or made to correct a mistake at any time before award.

"Proposal revision" is a change to a proposal made after the solicitation closing date, at the request of or as allowed by a Contracting Officer as the result of negotiations.

"Time", if stated as a number of days, is calculated using calendar days, unless otherwise specified, and will include Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays. However, if the last day falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, then the period shall include the next working day.

- (b) Amendments to solicitations. If this solicitation is amended, all terms and conditions that are not amended remain unchanged. Offerors shall acknowledge receipt of any amendment to this solicitation by the date and time specified in the amendment(s).
- (c) <u>Submission</u>, <u>modification</u>, <u>revision</u>, <u>and withdrawal of proposals</u>.
  - (1) Unless other methods (e.g., electronic commerce or facsimile) are permitted in the solicitation, proposals and modifications to proposals shall be submitted in paper media in sealed envelopes or packages (i) addressed to the office specified in the solicitation, and (ii) showing the time and date specified for receipt, the solicitation number, and the name and address of the offeror. Offerors using commercial carriers should ensure that the proposal is marked on the outermost wrapper with the information in paragraphs (c)(1)(i) and (c)(1)(ii) of this provision.
  - (2) The first page of the proposal must show--
    - (i) The solicitation number;
    - (ii) The name, address, and telephone and facsimile numbers of the offeror (and electronic address if available);
    - (iii) A statement specifying the extent of agreement with all terms, conditions, and provisions included in the solicitation and agreement to furnish any or all items upon which prices are offered at the price set opposite each item;
    - (iv) Names, titles, and telephone and facsimile numbers (and electronic addresses if available) of persons authorized to negotiate on the offeror's behalf with the Government in connection with this solicitation; and

### L.2 (Continued)

(v) Name, title, and signature of person authorized to sign the proposal. Proposals signed by an agent shall be accompanied by evidence of that agent's authority, unless that evidence has been previously furnished to the issuing office.

# (3) <u>Submission</u>, modification, revision, and withdrawal of proposals.

- (i) Offerors are responsible for submitting proposals, and any modifications or revisions, so as to reach the Government office designated in the solicitation by the time specified in the solicitation. If no time is specified in the solicitation, the time for receipt is 4:30 p.m., local time, for the designated Government office on the date that proposal or revision is due.
- (ii) (A) Any proposal, modification, or revision received at the Government office designated in the solicitation after the exact time specified for receipt of offers is "late" and will not be considered unless it is received before award is made, the Contracting Officer determines that accepting the late offer would not unduly delay the acquisition; and--
  - (1) If it was transmitted through an electronic commerce method authorized by the solicitation, it was received at the initial point of entry to the Government infrastructure not later than 5:00 p.m. one working day prior to the date specified for receipt of proposals; or
  - (2) There is acceptable evidence to establish that it was received at the Government installation designated for receipt of offers and was under the Government's control prior to the time set for receipt of offers; or
  - (3) It is the only proposal received.
  - (B) However, a late modification of an otherwise successful proposal that makes its terms more favorable to the Government, will be considered at any time it is received and may be accepted.
- (iii) Acceptable evidence to establish the time of receipt at the Government installation includes the time/date stamp of that installation on the

# L.2 (Continued)

proposal wrapper, other documentary evidence of receipt maintained by the installation, or oral testimony or statements of Government personnel.

- (iv) If an emergency or unanticipated event interrupts normal Government processes so that proposals cannot be received at the office designated for receipt of proposals by the exact time specified in the solicitation, and urgent Government requirements preclude amendment of the solicitation, the time specified for receipt of proposals will be deemed to be extended to the same time of day specified in the solicitation on the first work day on which normal Government processes resume.
- (v) Proposals may be withdrawn by written notice received at any time before award. Oral proposals in response to oral solicitations may be withdrawn orally. If the solicitation authorizes facsimile proposals, proposals may be withdrawn via facsimile received at any time before award, subject to the conditions specified in the provision at 52.215-5, Facsimile Proposals. Proposals may be withdrawn in person by an offeror or an authorized representative, if the identity of the person requesting withdrawal is established and the person signs a receipt for the proposal before award.
- (4) Unless otherwise specified in the solicitation, the offeror may propose to provide any item or combination of items.
- (5) Offerors shall submit proposals in response to this solicitation in English, unless otherwise permitted by the solicitation, and in U.S. dollars, unless the provision at FAR 52.225-17, Evaluation of Foreign Currency Offers, is included in the solicitation.
- (6) Offerors may submit modifications to their proposals at any time before the solicitation closing date and time, and may submit modifications in response to an amendment, or to correct a mistake at any time before award.
- (7) Offerors may submit revised proposals only if requested or allowed by the Contracting Officer.
- (8) Proposals may be withdrawn at any time before award. Withdrawals are effective upon receipt of notice by the Contracting Officer.
- (d) Offer expiration date. Proposals in response to this solicitation will be valid for the number of days specified on

### L.2 (Continued)

the solicitation cover sheet (unless a different period is proposed by the offeror).

- (e) <u>Restriction on disclosure and use of data</u>. Offerors that include in their proposals data that they do not want disclosed to the public for any purpose, or used by the Government except for evaluation purposes, shall--
  - (1) Mark the title page with the following legend:

This proposal includes data that shall not be disclosed outside the Government and shall not be duplicated, used, or disclosed—in whole or in part—for any purpose other than to evaluate this proposal. If, however, a contract is awarded to this offeror as a result of—or in connection with—the submission of this data, the Government shall have the right to duplicate, use, or disclose the data to the extent provided in the resulting contract. This restriction does not limit the Government's right to use information contained in this data if it is obtained from another source without restriction. The data subject to this restriction are contained in sheets [insert numbers or other identification of sheets]; and

(2) Mark each sheet of data it wishes to restrict with the following legend:

Use or disclosure of data contained on this sheet is subject to the restriction on the title page of this proposal.

# (f) Contract award.

- (1) The Government intends to award a contract or contracts resulting from this solicitation to the responsible offeror(s) whose proposal(s) represents the best value after evaluation in accordance with the factors and subfactors in the solicitation.
- (2) The Government may reject any or all proposals if such action is in the Government's interest.
- (3) The Government may waive informalities and minor irregularities in proposals received.
- (4) The Government intends to evaluate proposals and award a contract after conducting discussions with offerors whose proposals have been determined to be within the competitive range. If the Contracting Officer determines that the number of proposals that would otherwise be in the competitive range exceeds the number at which an efficient competition can be conducted, the Contracting Officer may limit the number of proposals in

# L.2 (Continued)

the competitive range to the greatest number that will permit an efficient competition among the most highly rated proposals. Therefore, the offeror's initial proposal should contain the offeror's best terms from a price and technical standpoint.

- (5) The Government reserves the right to make an award on any item for a quantity less than the quantity offered, at the unit cost or prices offered, unless the offeror specifies otherwise in the proposal.
- (6) The Government reserves the right to make multiple awards if, after considering the additional administrative costs, it is in the Government's best interest to do so.
- (7) Exchanges with offerors after receipt of a proposal do not constitute a rejection or counteroffer by the Government.
- (8) The Government may determine that a proposal is unacceptable if the prices proposed are materially unbalanced between line items or subline items. Unbalanced pricing exists when, despite an acceptable total evaluated price, the price of one or more contract line items is significantly overstated or understated as indicated by the application of cost or price analysis techniques. A proposal may be rejected if the Contracting Officer determines that the lack of balance poses an unacceptable risk to the Government.
- (9) If a cost realism analysis is performed, cost realism may be considered by the source selection authority in evaluating performance or schedule risk.
- (10) A written award or acceptance of proposal mailed or otherwise furnished to the successful offeror within the time specified in the proposal shall result in a binding contract without further action by either party.
- (11) The Government may disclose the following information in postaward debriefings to other offerors:
  - (i) The overall evaluated cost or price and technical rating of the successful offeror;
  - (ii) The overall ranking of all offerors, when any ranking was developed by the agency during source selection;
  - (iii) A summary of the rationale for award; and
  - (iv) For acquisitions of commercial items, the make and model of the item to be delivered by the

### L.2 (Continued)

successful offeror.

# L.3 AGAR 452.204-70 INQUIRIES (FEB 1988)

Inquiries and all correspondence concerning this solicitation should be submitted in writing to the Contracting Officer. Offerors should contact only the Contracting Officer issuing the solicitation about any aspect of this requirement prior to contract award.

# L.4 AGAR 452.215-71 INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PREPARATION OF TECHNICAL AND BUSINESS PROPOSALS (SEP 1999)

- (a) <u>General Instructions</u>. Proposals submitted in response to this solicitation shall be furnished in the following format with the numbers of copies as specified below. Separate proposals are required for each contract area the offeror would like to receive consideration on.
  - (1) The proposal must include a technical proposal and business proposal. Each of the parts shall be separate and complete so that evaluation of one may be accomplished independently from evaluation of the other. The technical proposal must not contain reference to cost; however, resource information (such as data concerning labor hours and categories, materials, subcontracts, etc.) must be contained in the technical proposal so that the Contractor's understanding of the statement of work may be evaluated. Technical proposals that contain cost or pricing information will be considered nonresponsive and will not receive award consideration.
  - (2) Offerors may, at their discretion, submit alternate proposals or proposals which deviate from the requirement; provided, that an offeror also submit a proposal for performance of the work as specified in the statement of work. Any "alternate" proposal may be considered if overall performance would be improved or not compromised, and if it is in the best interest of the Government. Alternate proposals, or deviations from any requirement of this RFP, must be clearly identified.
  - (3) The Government will evaluate proposals in accordance with the evaluation criteria set forth in Section M of this RFP.
  - (4) Offerors shall submit their proposal(s) in the following format and the quantities specified:
    - (a) One (1) copy of the completed, signed offer (Sections A through K of the solicitation package)
    - (b) An original and 6 copies of the technical proposal

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### L.4 (Continued)

(c) An original and 6 copies of the business/cost proposal

Proposals received that are not in the format and quantities specified will not be considered.

# (b) <u>Technical Proposal Instructions</u>.

The technical proposal will be used to make an evaluation and arrive at a determination as to whether the proposal will meet the requirements of the Government. Therefore, the technical proposal must present sufficient information to reflect a thorough understanding of the requirements and a detailed, description of the techniques, procedures and program for achieving the objectives of the specifications/ performance work statement (PWS). Proposals which merely paraphrase the requirements of the Government's specifications/PWS, or use such phrases as "will comply" or "standard techniques will be employed" will be considered unacceptable and will not be considered further.

As a minimum, the proposal must clearly provide a detailed work plan (DWP)/quality control (QC) plan, qualifications and experince of designated key personnel, organizational references for prime and subcontractors, and certificate of insurance coverage as specified herein.

The DWP/QC plan shall clearly explain how the offeror proposes to organize the project, fully address "how and when" "each aspect" of the PWS and the other terms and conditions of the contract will be accomplished and adhered to. The plan shall identify the person or persons responsible for each aspect of the contract and clearly define their respective roles, responsibilities, and delegated authority.

Technical proposals shall demonstrate compliance with the qualification requirements specified in the PWS for key personnel identified in the DWP. Proposals shall include, but are not limited to, individual resumes or similar data describing the background, education and experience for all prime and subcontractor key personnel identified in the DWP, copies of Mauget training certifications; copies of certified Illinois pesticide applicators license; and, credentials/certification demonstrating membership to professional organizations and societies. A minimum 5 years arboriculture experience is required. Offerors shall elaborate on prime and subcontractor key personnel experience with pest management in trees using soil injection and trunk injection, explaining in detail the method of application used, chemical applied and pest controlled.

A complete listing of organizational references shall be provided for the years 2001 and 2002 of all contracts awarded

#### L.4 (Continued)

for ALB soil and trunk injection treatments or similar services for pest management in trees. At a minimum, the listing shall identify the company, point of contact, telephone number, email address, the contract/purchase order number, a brief description of the service provided, the period of performance, and the cost of the project (value of the contract). Please indicate if any of the key personnel identified worked on these projects, the period worked, and describe what they did.

# (c) <u>Business Proposal Instructions</u>.

- Business proposals shall contain a complete itemized cost breakdown which explains how the proposed rate per dbh. for soil and for trunk injection treatments were derived at and a subcontract plan.
- The cost breakdown and explanation of proposed costs shall follow the performance requirements of the contract and support the level of effort described in the offerors technical proposal. The cost breakdown shall include all supervision, labor, subcontracting costs, supplies, material, equipment, general and administrative expenses and profit to perform at contractual services specified quality and productivity levels and in compliance with other terms and conditions of the contract.
- Offerors shall specify in the business proposal the financial capacity, working capital and other resources available to them to perform the contract without assistance from any outside source.

#### L.5 AGAR 452.215-72 AMENDMENTS TO PROPOSALS (FEB 1988)

Any changes to a proposal made by the offeror after its initial submittal shall be accomplished by replacement pages. Changes from the original page shall be indicated on the outside margin by vertical lines adjacent to the change. The offeror shall include the date of the amendment on the lower right corner of the changed pages.

#### SECTION M - EVALUATION FACTORS FOR AWARD

# M.1 52.252-1 SOLICITATION PROVISIONS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE (FEB 1998)

This solicitation incorporates one or more solicitation provisions by reference, with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make their full text available. The offeror is cautioned that the listed provisions may include blocks that must be completed by the offeror and submitted with its quotation or offer. In lieu of submitting the full text of those provisions, the offeror may identify the provision by paragraph identifier and provide the appropriate information with its quotation or offer. Also, the full text of a solicitation provision may be accessed electronically at this/these address(es):

www.arnet.gov/far

I. FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION (48 CFR CHAPTER 1)
PROVISIONS

NUMBER

TITLE

DATE

52.217-5

EVALUATION OF OPTIONS

JUL 1990

# M.2 AGAR 452.216-72 EVALUATION QUANTITIES -INDEFINITE DELIVERY CONTRACT (FEB 1988)

To evaluate offers for award purposes, the Government will apply the offeror's proposed fixed-prices/rates to the estimated quantities included in the solicitation, and will add other direct costs if applicable.

#### M.3 EVALUATION CRITERIA

The Government will make award to the responsible offeror whose proposal conforms to all solicitation requirements and represents the **best value** to the Government, technical quality, cost or price and other price related factors considered. For this solicitation, technical quality is significantly more important than cost or price.

The technical evaluation factors listed below are in descending order of importance:

- (1) Technical Approach Detailed Work Plan/Quality Control Plan;
- (2) Qualifications and Experience of Key Personnel;
- (3) Past Performance.

As the relative standing of proposals becomes more equal for any one of the aforementioned technical evaluation factors, the importance of the

### M.3 (Continued)

other evaluation factors increases. Cost or price is not weighted and will be evaluated separately. Therefore, award may be made to other than the highest technically rated or lowest technically acceptable proposal.

#### I. EVALUATION OF TECHNICAL PROPOSAL

Technical Approach - Detailed Work Plan/Quality Control Plan.

The detailed work plan (DWP) will be evaluated for organization, comprehension, supervision, proactive quality control, ability to meet productivity standards without sacrificing quality and public relations. Preferences will be given to DWP's emphasizing on quality service, efficiency, and superior public relations.

2. Qualifications and Experience of Key Personnel

Prime and subcontractor key personnel must meet the minimum qualification requirements specified in the PWS (Section C). The evaluation will focus on the extent of professional training and experience in tree care services using soil injection, Mauget trunk injection, and other chemical treatments for control of Asian Longhorn Beetle (ALB) or other evasive plant pests. Preference will be given for prior ALB soil injection and Mauget trunk injection control treatment experience. The quality and efficiency of key personnel experiences with ALB will be considered in determining the amount of preference to be given. Preference will also given for arboriculture experience over the 5 year minimum requirement.

3. Contractor/Subcontractor Past Performance

The prime and subcontractor past performance will be evaluated on subfactors identified herein. Therefore, major subcontractors must be identified in the offerors technical proposal and references provided. Refer to instructions for the preparation of technical and business proposals in Section L of this solicitation for the minimum requirement pertaining to references.

- a. Quality of Service. In terms of the effectiveness of quality control on prior contracts with USDA and other commercial activities on similar or related projects, efficiency, project management, training and timely performance feedback to employees.
- b. Compliance with Performance Standards. In terms of how well the Contractor adhered to contract performance standards for quality control, productivity, on-time performance and public relations.
- c. Business Relations. In terms of the severity of

# M.3 (Continued)

problems encountered and corrective actions taken, cooperation and effectiveness of communications with CO, COR and COTR's and handling situations not expressly written into the contract.

### II. BUSINESS PROPOSAL

Best value will be determined by risk assessment/cost realism evaluation. Therefore, the Government may make award to other than the highest technically rated or lowest priced technically acceptable proposal.

For the purpose of this solicitation, cost realism refers to the costs in the offerors proposal as being (1) realistic for the level of effort required to perform the services outlined in the offerors technical proposal and specified in the PWS; (2) reflect a clear understanding of contract requirements, terms and conditions; and, (3) are reasonable, allocable and allowable under Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) Part 31 Contract Cost Principles and Procedures.

Preference will be given for responsive and responsible offerors that are qualified HUBZone small businesses and small disadvantaged businesses. Refer to FAR Part 9 for Contractor Qualification Requirements (responsibility determination), FAR 52.219-4 (JAN 1999), Notice of Price Evaluation Preference for HUBZone Small Business Concerns, and FAR 52.219-23, Notice of Price Evaluation Adjustment for Small Disadvantaged Business Concerns.

The small business size standards for the services required by this solicitation are matched to North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) Class Code 115310 which is \$6.0 million dollars average annual receipts over the last 3 year period.